

SAFETY DATA SHEET

according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (amended by Regulation (EU) 2015/830)

Vulcol

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

Product name Vulcol

Product code None.

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use of the Substance/Mixture Adhesives

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company/Undertaking Identification

Habasit GmbH (Deutschland), Only Representative

Babenhäuser Str. 31 D-64859 Eppertshausen

+49 6071 969 0 (Mo - Fr, 7.30h - 17h)

SDS info: product.safety@habasit.com

National contact: Habasit (UK) Limited Habegger house Gannex Park, Dewsbury Road,

Elland,

West Yorkshire HX5 9AF

Tel. +44 (0) 333 207 6570 (Mo - Fr, 8h - 17.30h)

E-Mail: info.uk@habasit.com

1.4. Emergency telephone

number

NHS Direct in England or Wales: +44 (0)845 46 47 NHS 24 in Scotland (UK only): 08454 24 24 24 Poisons Information Centre of Ireland: 01 809 2566

Issuing date 29.07.2016

Version 02 (Previous versions: 22.07.2015)

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

Skin corrosion/irritation, Cat. 2, H315

Serious eye damage/eye irritation, Cat. 2, H319

Germ cell mutagenicity, Cat. 2, H341 Reproductive toxicity, Cat. 2 (d), H361d

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure), Cat. 2, H373

Aspiration hazard, Cat. 1, H304

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure, narcotic effects),

Cat. 3, H336

Flammable liquids, Cat. 2, H225

Additional information

For the full text of the phrases mentioned in this Section, see

Section 16.

2.2. Label elements







Signal Word

Danger

Hazard Statements

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.
H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects.
H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements

P260v: Do not breathe vapour.

P262: Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. P280e: Wear protective gloves/eye protection.

P210b: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames

and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P302+P352: IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. P301+P310: IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician.

Supplemental information

None.

Product identifier

ethyl acetate, CAS-No. 141-78-6, EC-No. 205-500-4, REACH No.

01-2119475103-46

butanone; ethyl methyl ketone, CAS-No. 78-93-3, EC-No. 201-

159-0

toluene, CAS-No. 108-88-3, EC-No. 203-625-9

phenol; carbolic acid; monohydroxybenzene; phenylalcohol, CAS-

No. 108-95-2, EC-No. 203-632-7

2.3. Other hazards

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2. Mixtures

Adhesive on solvent basis.

Components		CLP Classification	Product identifier	
ethyl acetate	10% - 20%	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, Flam. Liq. 2 H225, EUH066	CAS-No.: 141-78-6 EC-No.: 205-500-4 Index-No: 607-022-00-5 REACH No.: 01- 2119475103-46	
butanone; ethyl methyl ketone	30% - 50%	Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, Flam. Liq. 2 H225, EUH066	CAS-No.: 78-93-3 EC-No.: 201-159-0 Index-No: 606-002-00-3	
toluene	10% - 20%	Repr. 2 H361 (d), Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Flam. Liq. 2 H225	CAS-No.: 108-88-3 EC-No.: 203-625-9 Index-No: 601-021-00-3	
phenol; carbolic acid; monohydroxybenzene; phenylalcohol	1% - 5%	Muta. 2 H341, Acute Tox. 3 H331, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H301, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Corr. 1B H314 [CSk1B: C≥3% CSk2: 1%≤ C < 3% CEy2: 1% ≤ C < 3%]	CAS-No.: 108-95-2 EC-No.: 203-632-7 Index-No: 604-001-00-2	

For the full text of the phrases mentioned in this Section, see Section 16.

Hazardous impurities

None known.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Consult a physician after significant exposure.

Skin contact Wash off immediately with soap and plenty of water while removing

all contaminated clothes and shoes. If skin irritation persists, call a

physician.

Eye contact IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes.

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

Consult an ophthalmologist.

Ingestion Do not induce vomiting. Call a physician immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and

delayed

Headache, Dizziness,

None known.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media Carbon dioxide (CO2). Alcohol-resistant foam Dry chemical.

Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons

High volume water jet.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

During a fire, smoke may contain the original material in addition to unidentified toxic and/or irritating compounds.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters

In the event of fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Specific methods Prevent fire extinguishing water from contaminating surface water

or the ground water system. Fire residues and contaminated fire extinguishing water must be disposed of in accordance with local

regulations.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Advice for non-emergency personnel

Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Ensure adequate

ventilation. Remove all sources of ignition.

Advice for emergency

responders

Use personal protective equipment. Remove all sources of ignition. Ensure adequate ventilation. Vapours are heavier than air and may

spread along floors.

6.2. Environmental precautions Prevent product from entering surface water or sewage.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, sawdust). Sweep up and shovel into suitable containers for disposal. Clean contaminated surface

thoroughly.

6.4. Reference to other sections See chapter 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Wear personal protective equipment. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Provide appropriate exhaust ventilation at machinery. Do not breathe vapours/dust. Vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Wash hands and exposed skin before eating, drinking or smoking and after work. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Do not store together with food.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Use only in accordance with our recommendations.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Exposure limit(s)

Even in case of a full release, due to the small amount of substances present, it is not expected that exposure limits will be reached.

However it is the duty of the user to verify this and follow given exposure limits at the workplace.

Where reasonably practicable this should be achieved by the use of

local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction.

If these are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapour below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection

must be worn.

200 ppm TWA

ethyl acetate (CAS 141-78-6)

Ireland - Occupational Exposure 200 ppm TWA

Limits - TWAs

Ireland - Occupational Exposure 400 ppm STEL

Limits - STELs

United Kingdom - Workplace 400 ppm STEL Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs

butanone (CAS 78-93-3)

EU - Occupational Exposure 200 ppm TWA (2000/39/EC) - First List of 600 mg/m3 TWA

Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - TWAs
EU - Occupational Exposure 300 ppm STEL

(2000/39/EC) - First List of 900 mg/m3 STEL Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - STELs

Ireland - Occupational Exposure 200 ppm TWA Limits - TWAs 600 mg/m3 TWA

Ireland - Occupational Exposure
Limits - STELs

000 mg/m3 TWA
300 ppm STEL
900 mg/m3 STEL

United Kingdom - Biological 70 µmol/L Medium: urine Time: post shift Parameter: Butan-2-one Monitoring Guidance Values

United Kingdom - Workplace 300 ppm STEL Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs 899 mg/m3 STEL

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - Skin **Notations**

200 ppm TWA 600 mg/m3 TWA

Potential for cutaneous absorption

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

EU - Occupational Exposure (2006/15/EC) - Second List of Indicative Occupational Exposure 50 ppm TWA 192 mg/m3 TWA

Limit Values - TWAs

EU - Occupational Exposure (2006/15/EC) - Second List of Indicative Occupational Exposure Limit Values - STELs

100 ppm STEL 384 mg/m3 STEL

50 ppm TWA

Ireland - Occupational Exposure

Limits - TWAs

Ireland - Occupational Exposure

Limits - STELs

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - Skin **Notations**

192 mg/m3 TWA 384 mg/m3 STEL (as Mn) 100 ppm STEL 100 ppm STEL

384 mg/m3 STEL 50 ppm TWA 191 mg/m3 TWA

Potential for cutaneous absorption

phenol (CAS 108-95-2)

EU - Occupational Exposure (2009/161/EU) - Third List of Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - STELs

EU - Occupational Exposure (2009/161/EU) - Third List of Indicative Occupational Exposure

Limit Values - TWAs

Ireland - Occupational Exposure

Limits - TWAs

Ireland - Occupational Exposure

Limits - STELs

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - STELs United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - TWAs

United Kingdom - Workplace Exposure Limits (WELs) - Skin

Notations

4 ppm STEL 16 mg/m3 STEL

2 ppm TWA 8 mg/m3 TWA

2 ppm TWA 8 mg/m3 TWA 4 ppm STEL 16 mg/m3 STEL 4 ppm STEL 16 mg/m3 STEL 2 ppm TWA 7.8 mg/m3 TWA

Potential for cutaneous absorption

8.2. Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety practice.

Personal protection equipment

Respiratory protection

In case of good ventilation no personal respiratory protective equipment required. In case of insufficient ventilation wear suitable respiratory equipment. Suitable respiratory equipment: ABEK-filter ABEK-P3-filter Respirator with filter for organic vapour

Hand protection

Protective gloves complying with EN 374. Gloves made of Butyl. Be aware that in daily use the durability of a chemical resistant

protective glove can be notably shorter than the break through time measured according to EN 374, due to the numerous outside influences (e.g. temperature). The exact break through time can be obtained from the protective glove producer and this has to be observed. Do not wear leather gloves. Do not wear cotton gloves.

Eye protection Safety glasses with side-shields conforming to EN166.

Skin and body protection Long sleeved clothing.

Thermal hazards No special measures required.

Environmental exposure controls Dispose of waste or used sacks/containers according to local

regulations.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

AppearanceViscous.ColourDark amber.OdourSolvent.

Odour Threshold
pH:
not applicable
Melting point/range:
Not determined.
Not determined.
>76°C (Ethylacetat)

Flash point: -12°C

Evaporation Rate: Not determined. Flammability: Not determined.

Explosion limits: 11,5%v/v - 1.2%v/v (Butanon)

Vapour pressure:31 mbar (20°C)Vapor density:Not determined.Relative density:0.9 g/cm3 (20°C)Water solubility:partly solublePartition coefficient (n-Not determined.

octanol/water):

Autoignition temperature:

Decomposition temperature:

Viscosity:

Not determined.

Not determined.

10 Pa*s (20°C)

Explosive properties:

Not explosive

Oxidising properties: None

9.2. Other information

General Product Characteristics no data available

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity No hazards to be specially mentioned.

10.2. Chemical stabilityNo decomposition if stored and applied as directed.

10.3. Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No hazards to be specially mentioned.

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10.4. Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks.

10.5. Incompatible materials None.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition

products

None reasonably foreseeable.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Information given is based on data on the components and the

toxicology of similar products. ethyl acetate (CAS 141-78-6)

Inhalation LC50 Mouse = 1500 ppm 4 h(NZ_CCID) Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 18000 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS)

Oral LD50 Rat = 5620 mg/kg (NLM_CIP) butanone; ethyl methyl ketone (CAS 78-93-3) Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 5000 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS) Inhalation LC50 Rat = 11700 ppm 4 h(JAPAN_GHS)

Oral LD50 Rat = 2483 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS)

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 12000 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS) Inhalation LC50 Rat = 12.5 mg/L 4 h(JAPAN_GHS) Oral LD50 Rat = 2600 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS)

phenol; carbolic acid; monohydroxybenzene; phenylalcohol

(CAS 108-95-2)

Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 630 mg/kg (NLM_CIP) Oral LD50 Rat = 340 mg/kg (JAPAN_GHS)

Skin corrosion/irritation Skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Severe eye irritation.

Respiratory / Skin Sensitisation None.

Carcinogenicity Contains no ingredient listed as a carcinogen.

Germ cell mutagenicity Suspected of causing genetic defects.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity

(single exposure)

Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity

(repeated exposure)

May cause damage to organs (Central nervous system) through

prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazardBased on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

Human experience No data available.

Information on likely routes of

exposure

Inhalation, Skin contact,

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Causes headache, drowsiness or other effects to the central nervous system. Vertigo

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Tiredness Other central nervous effects.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

				ity	

No data is available on the product itself. Information given is based on data on the components and the toxicology of similar products.

ethyl acetate (CAS 141-78-6)

Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish -Acute Toxicity Data

LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 220 - 250 mg/L [flow-through] (EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 484 mg/L [flow-through] (IUCLID) (IUCLID)

LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 352 - 500 mg/L [semi-static] (EPA) (EPA)

EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 560 mg/L [Static] (EPA) (EPA)

Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute

Toxicity Data

butanone (CAS 78-93-3) Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish -

Acute Toxicity Data Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute

Toxicity Data

LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 3130 - 3320 mg/L [flow-through] (EPA) (EPA)

EC50 48 h Daphnia magna >520 mg/L (IUCLID) (IUCLID) EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 5091 mg/L (IUCLID) (IUCLID)

EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 4025 - 6440 mg/L [Static] (EPA) (EPA)

toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish -**Acute Toxicity Data**

LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 15.22 - 19.05 mg/L [flow-through] (1 day old, EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 12.6 mg/L [static] (EPA) (EPA) LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 5.89 - 7.81 mg/L [flow-through] (EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 14.1 - 17.16 mg/L [static] (EPA)

LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 5.8 mg/L [semi-static] (EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 11.0 - 15.0 mg/L [static] (EPA)

LC50 96 h Oryzias latipes 54 mg/L [static] (EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Poecilia reticulata 28.2 mg/L [semi-static] (EPA) (EPA) LC50 96 h Poecilia reticulata 50.87 - 70.34 mg/L [static] (EPA) (EPA)

Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute **Toxicity Data**

Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Algae -Acute Toxicity Data

EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 5.46 - 9.83 mg/L [Static] (EPA) (EPA) EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 11.5 mg/L (IUCLID) (IUCLID)

EC50 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata >433 mg/L (IUCLID) (IUCLID)

EC50 72 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 12.5 mg/L [static] (EPA) (EPA)

phenol (CAS 108-95-2)

Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Fish -Acute Toxicity Data

LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 11.9 - 50.5 mg/L [flow-through] (EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 20.5 - 25.6 mg/L [static] (EPA)

LC50 96 h Pimephales promelas 32 mg/L (IUCLID) (IUCLID)

LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 5.449 - 6.789 mg/L [flow-through]

(EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 7.5 - 14 mg/L [static] (EPA) (EPA) LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 4.23 - 7.49 mg/L [semi-static]

(EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Oncorhynchus mykiss 5.0 - 12.0 mg/L (IUCLID)

(IUCLID)

LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 13.5 mg/L [static] (EPA) (EPA) LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 11.9 - 25.3 mg/L [flow-through]

(EPA) (EPA)

LC50 96 h Lepomis macrochirus 11.5 mg/L [semi-static] (EPA)

LC50 96 h Poecilia reticulata 34.09 - 47.64 mg/L [static] (EPA)

(EPA)

LC50 96 h Poecilia reticulata 31 mg/L [semi-static] (EPA) (EPA) LC50 96 h Brachydanio rerio 27.8 mg/L (IUCLID) (IUCLID)

LC50 96 h Cyprinus carpio 0.00175 mg/L [semi-static] (EPA) (EPA) LC50 96 h Oryzias latipes 33.9 - 43.3 mg/L [flow-through] (EPA)

(EPA)

LC50 96 h Oryzias latipes 23.4 - 36.6 mg/L [static] (EPA) (EPA) Ecotoxicity - Water Flea - Acute

EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 4.24 - 10.7 mg/L [Static] (EPA) (EPA)

EC50 48 h Daphnia magna 10.2 - 15.5 mg/L (EPA) (EPA) EC50 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 46.42 mg/L (EPA)

EC50 96 h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata 0.0188 - 0.1044 mg/L

[static] (EPA) (EPA)

EC50 72 h Desmodesmus subspicatus 187 - 279 mg/L [static]

(EPA) (EPA)

Ecotoxicity - Earthworm - Acute

Ecotoxicity - Freshwater Algae -

Toxicity Data

Toxicity Data

Acute Toxicity Data

LC100 56 Days Eisenia foetida 6900 mg/kg [soil dry weight]

(IUCLID) (IUCLID)

12.2. Persistence and

degradability

Partly biodegradable.

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB

assessment

This preparation contains no substance considered to be persistent.

bioaccumulating nor toxic (PBT). This preparation contains no

substance considered to be very persistent nor very

bioaccumulating (vPvB).

12.6. Other adverse effects

no data available

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Waste from residues / unused products

Dispose of as hazardous waste in compliance with local and national regulations. Can be burned in a suitable installation subject

to local regulations. 080400 - wastes from MFSU of adhesives and sealants (including waterproofing products)

Contaminated packaging Dispose of as unused product.

SECTION 14: Transport information

ADR/RID UN 1133.

Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid.

Class 3.

Packing group II.
ADR/RID-Labels 3.
Classification code F1.
Hazard identification no. 33.

Limited quantity 5 L. Excepted quantity E2. Tunnel restriction code D/E

IMDG UN 1133.

Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES, containing flammable liquid.

Class 3.

Packing group II. IMDG-Labels 3. Limited quantity 5 L. Excepted quantity E2. EmS F-E, S-D. Marine pollutant: No.

IATA UN 1133.

Proper shipping name: Adhesives, containing flammable liquid.

Class 3.

Packing group II. IATA label 3.

Packing instruction (passenger aircraft): 353 (5 L).

Packing instruction (LQ): Y341 (1 L).

Packing instruction (cargo aircraft): 364 (60 L).

Inland navigation ADN UN 1133.

Proper shipping name: ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid.

Class 3.

Packing group II. ADN labels 3.

Classification code F1. Limited quantity 5 L. Excepted quantity E2.

Further Information None.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Regulatory Information None.

ethyl acetate (CAS 141-78-6)

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of Present

Registered Substances butanone (CAS 78-93-3)

EU - Narcotics (2015/1011) - 50 kg

Implementing Export Requirements

- Annual Maximum Export Quantities for Exemption EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of

Registered Substances toluene (CAS 108-88-3)

Nail products

Present

EU - Cosmetics (1223/2009) -Annex III - Field of Application

and/or Use

25 % MAC

EU - Cosmetics (1223/2009) -

Annex III - Maximum Authorised

Concentration

EU - Narcotics (2015/1011) -50 kg

Implementing Export Requirements - Annual Maximum Export Quantities for Exemption

EU - European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (E-PRTR)

200 kg/yr TQ (water

as BTEX)

(166/2006) - Threshold Quantities 200 kg/yr TQ (land

as BTEX) Present

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of

Registered Substances

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - Annex XVII - Restrictions on Certain **Dangerous Substances**

Use restricted. See item 48.

phenol (CAS 108-95-2)

EU - European Pollutant Release and Transfer Register (E-PRTR) (166/2006) - Threshold Quantities 20 kg/yr TQ (water as total C) 20 kg/yr TQ (land

as total C)

EU - REACH (1907/2006) - List of

Registered Substances

Present

15.2. Chemical safety

assessment

Not required.

SECTION 16: Other information

Revision Note This data sheet contains changes from the previous version in

section(s): 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 15, 16

Key or legend to abbreviations

and acronyms

CLP: Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008

(GHS)

MAK: Occupational exposure limit.

Key literature references and

sources for data

Information taken from reference works and the literature.

Classification procedure Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

> Classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 with the correlation table 67/548/EEC or 1999/45/EC (Annex VII of CLP).

Full text of phrases referred to under sections 2 and 3

EUH066: Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

H225: Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

H301: Toxic if swallowed.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H311: Toxic in contact with skin.

H314: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H331: Toxic if inhaled.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness. H341: Suspected of causing genetic defects. H361d: Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated

exposure.

Training advice

The rules which cover amongst other things the requirement for ventilation, protective clothing, personal protective equipment etc. can be obtained from the National Occupational Health and Safety Board.

Further information

Made in: Switzerland Habasit AG Römerstrasse 1

4153 Reinach/BL, Switzerland

Phone: +41 (0)61 715 15 15 (Mo - Fr, 7.30h - 17h)

SDS info: product.safety@habasit.com

Instructions for use

For industrial application only. Use only in accordance with our recommendations.

Disclaimer

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text.